

US Local Government GO Debt Methodology

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Agenda

1. Outlook for Local Governments
2. Overview of GO Methodology
3. California Local Governments' Relative Pension Burdens

1

Outlook for Local Governments

Stable Outlook for US Local Governments

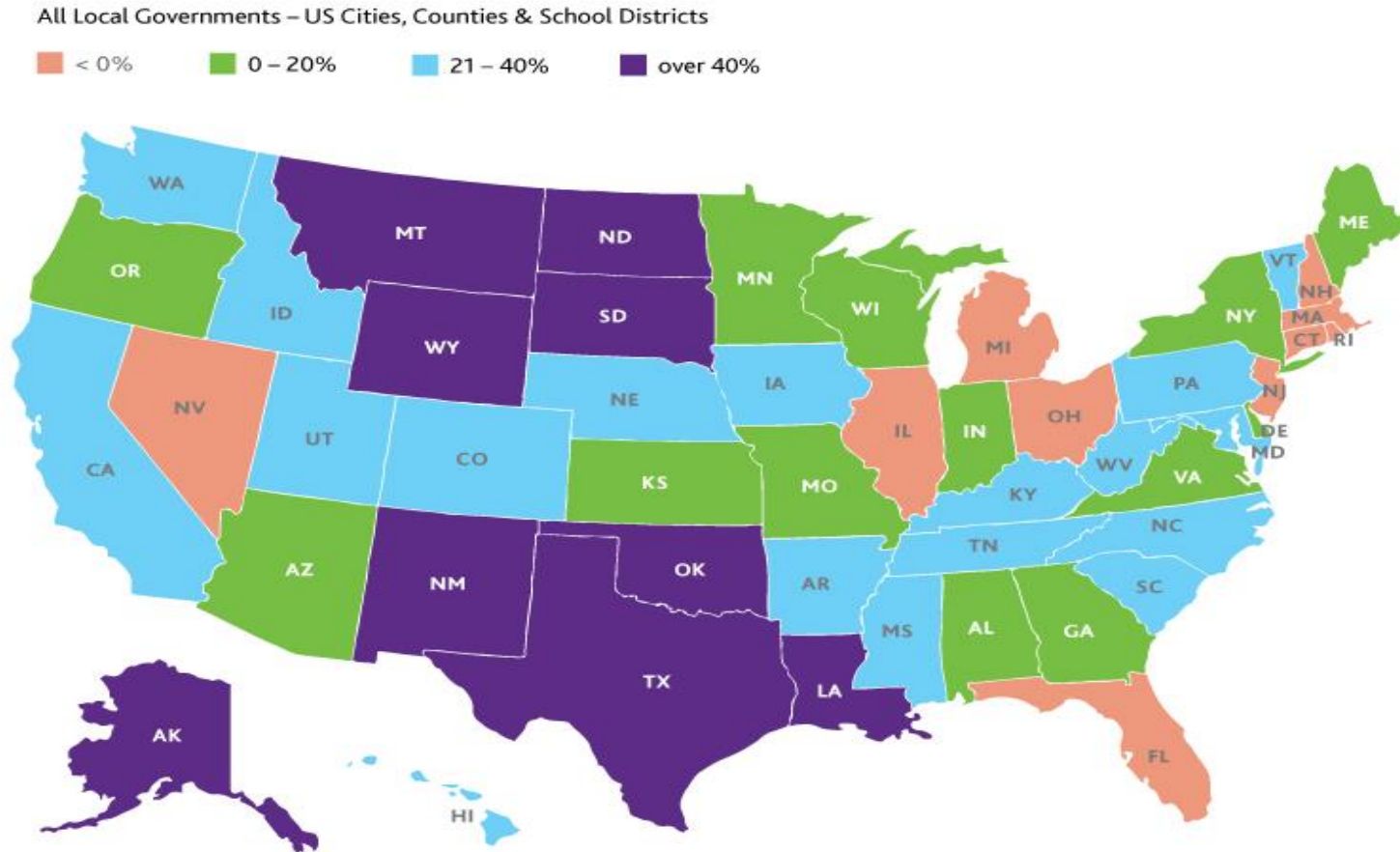
Outlook period is 12-18 months

Stable Outlook Overview

- » Local government property tax revenue will continue to grow, albeit at a slower pace of 2% - 4%
- » Growing fund balances will support stable credit quality for local governments
- » Municipal bankruptcies and defaults will remain the exception, not the rule
- » Pockets of local governments face intensifying credit pressures

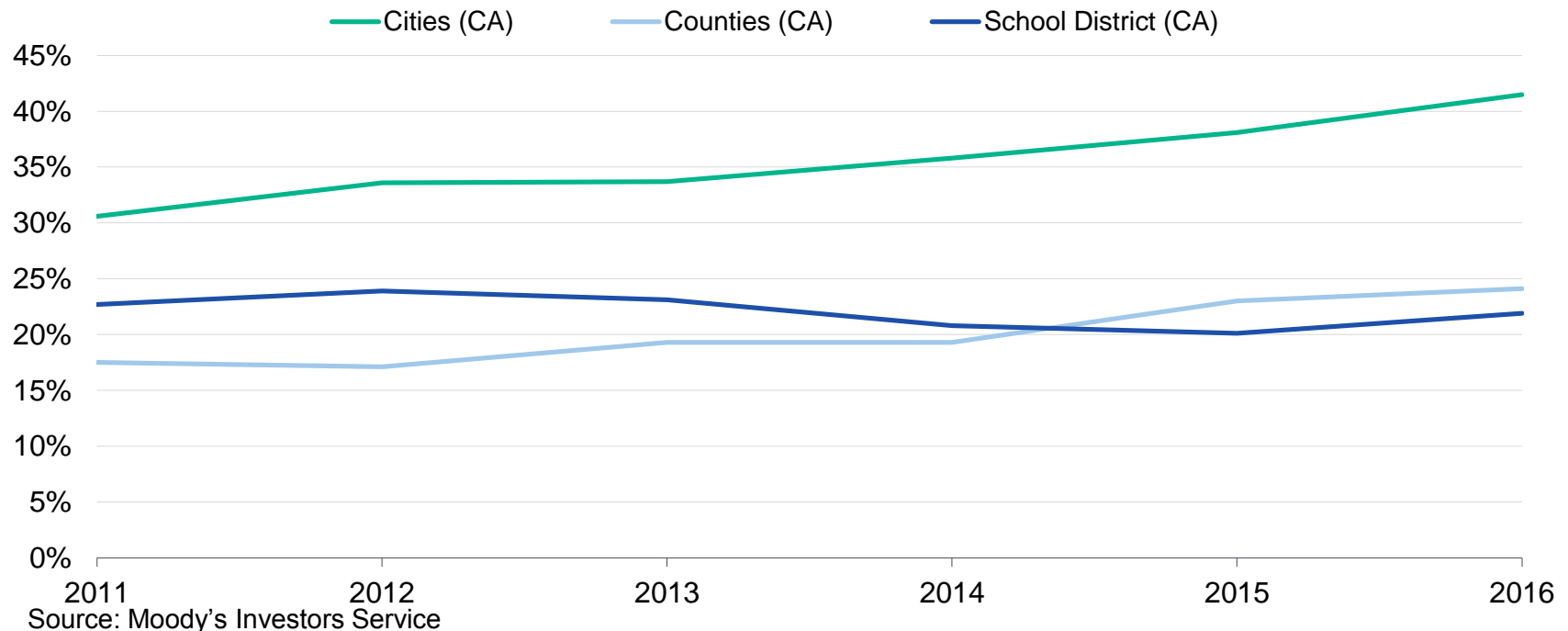
Property Values Show Strong Growth in CA

Per-state median of rated issuers' 10-year property value trend (2007-2016)



Average Operating Fund Balances Increasing for California Cities and Counties

- » School districts lagged general increasing trend, but increased in 2016
- » CA city operating fund balance average exceeds national average
- » CA counties lag national averages though reserves are still at healthy levels



2

Overview of GO Methodology

Updated GO Methodology in 2014

Small revisions but significant increase in transparency

- » Updated prior methodology to reflect recent trends & key issues, including pensions
- » Developed quantitative scorecard for rating guidance

Purpose and Use of the Scorecard:

- » Enhances the transparency of our rating process
- » Scorecard acts as a starting point for a more thorough and individualistic analysis
- » Assigned rating may be higher or lower than scorecard-indicated rating based on additional factors
- » Final rating is determined by a rating committee, incorporating all quantitative and qualitative factors relevant to the individual issuer and debt issue

Overview of GO Scorecard

Factors & Sub-Factors	Weights
Factor 1: Economy/Tax Base	30%
Full Value (market value of taxable property)	10%
Full Value per Capita	10%
Median Family Income	10%
Factor 2: Finances	30%
Fund Balance as % of Operating Revenue	10%
5-Year Dollar Change in Fund Balance as % of Revenues	5%
Cash Balance as % of Revenues	10%
5-Year Dollar Change in Cash Balance as % of Revenues	5%
Factor 3: Management	20%
Institutional Framework	10%
Operating History: 5-Year Average of Operating Revenues / Operating Expenditures	10%
Factor 4: Debt/Pensions	20%
Net Direct Debt / Full Value	5%
Net Direct Debt / Operating Revenue	5%
3-Year Average of Moody's Adjusted Net Pension Liability / Full Value	5%
3-Year Average of Moody's Adjusted Net Pension Liability / Operating Revenues	5%

GO Scorecard – Standard Adjustments

Adjustments/Notching Factors	
<u>Description</u>	<u>Direction</u>
Economy/Tax Base	
Institutional presence	up
Regional economic center	up
Economic concentration	down
Outsized unemployment or poverty levels	down
Other analyst adjustment to Economy/Tax Base factor (specify)	up/down
Finances	
Outsized contingent liability risk	down
Unusually volatile revenue structure	down
Other analyst adjustment to Finances factor (specify)	up/down
Management	
State oversight or support	up/down
Unusually strong or weak budgetary management and planning	up/down
Other analyst adjustment to Management factor (specify)	up/down
Debt/Pensions	
Unusually strong or weak security features	up/down
Unusual risk posed by debt/pension structure	down
History of missed debt service payments	down
Other analyst adjustment to Debt/Pensions factor (specify)	up/down
Other	
Credit event/trend not yet reflected in existing data sets	up/down

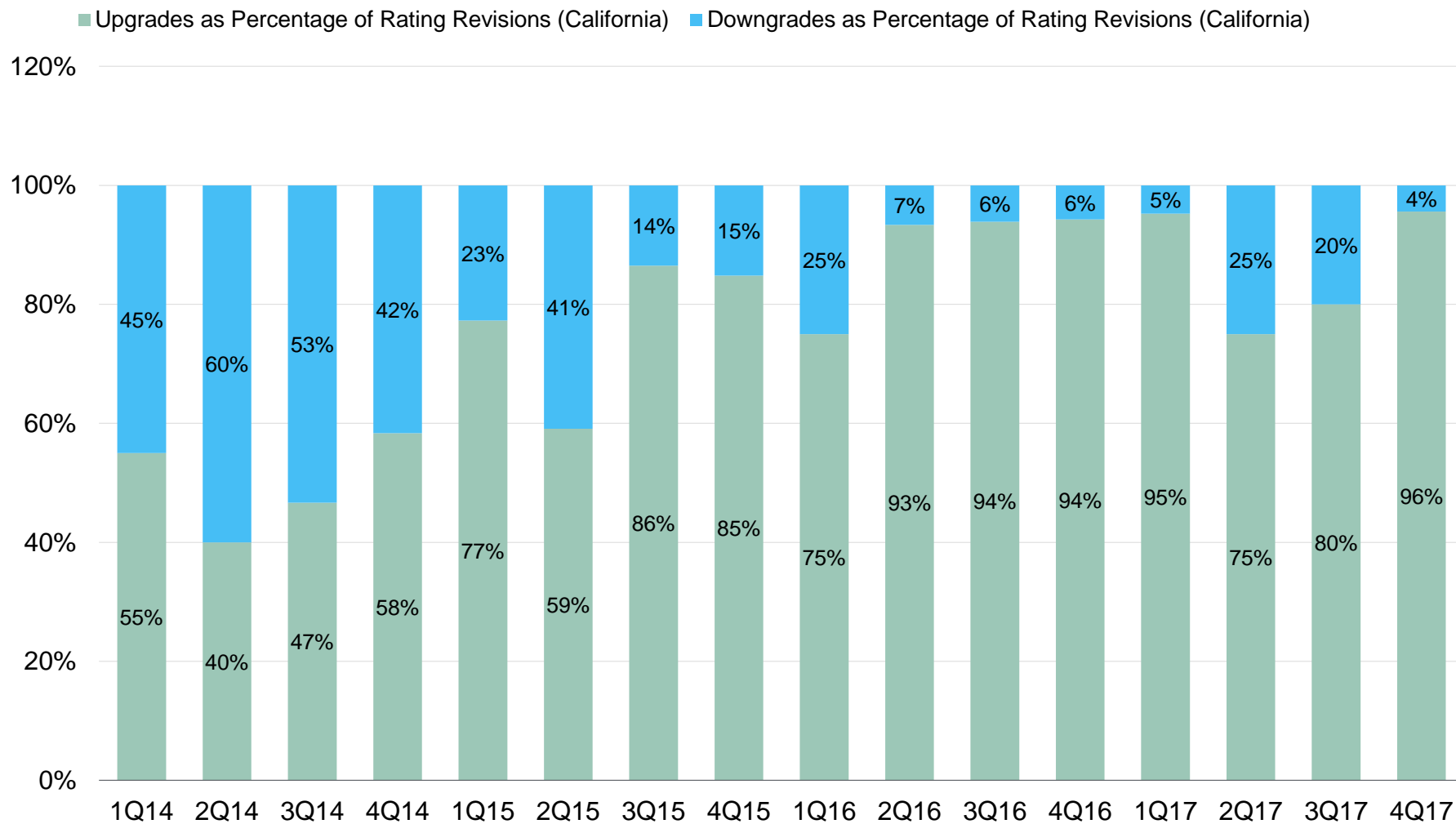


Applying the Analytical Factors



- » The adjusted scorecard rating is typically the assigned, public rating
- » However:
 - » The final rating assignment is determined by the vote of rating committee members
 - » The assigned public rating may be different from the adjusted, scorecard indicated rating based on this vote

Upgrades Substantially Outpace Downgrades in California Since Late 2014



3

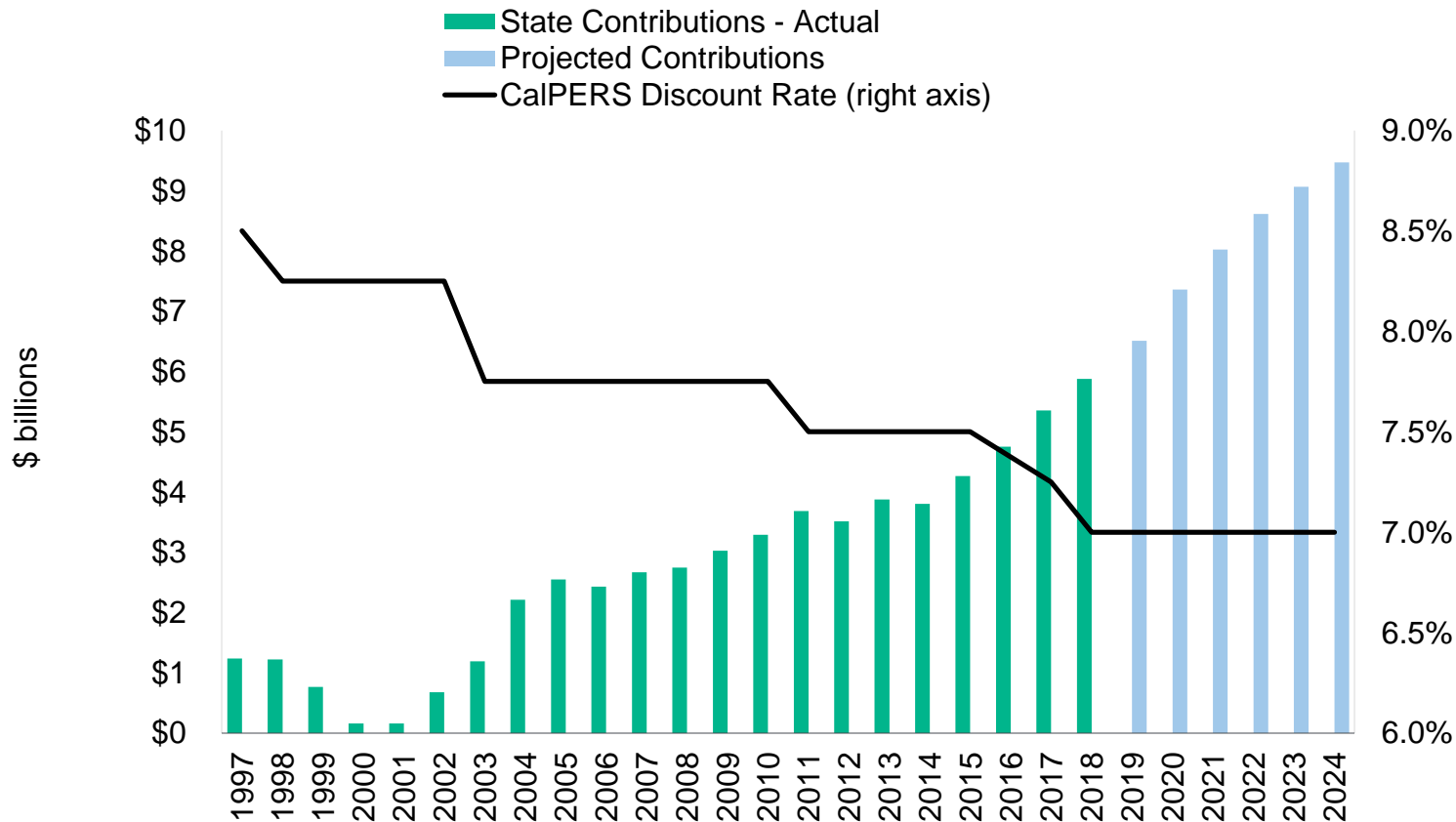
California Local Governments' Relative Pension Burdens

Rising Pensions Costs Remain a Long-term Risk for the Local Government Sector

- » Given the exceptionally strong legal protections provided to public pensions, the State of California (Aa3 stable) and its local governments face limited options to address pension challenges
- » Savings from enacted pension reforms will take years to materialize because they primarily impact new employees
- » State and local government contributions to public pension systems such as CalPERs and CalSTRS will continue to rise materially for at least the next several years
- » State Supreme Court to revisit the “California Rule”, potentially providing some relief

Liability Build-Up and Falling Discount Rate Assumptions Are Increasing Pension Costs

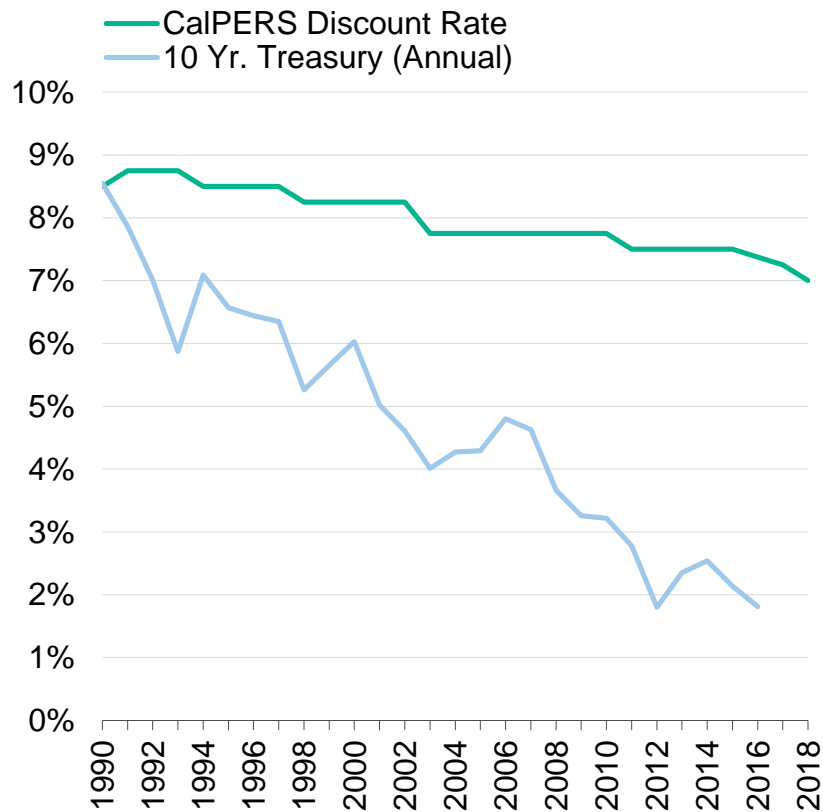
» California's CalPERS pension contributions



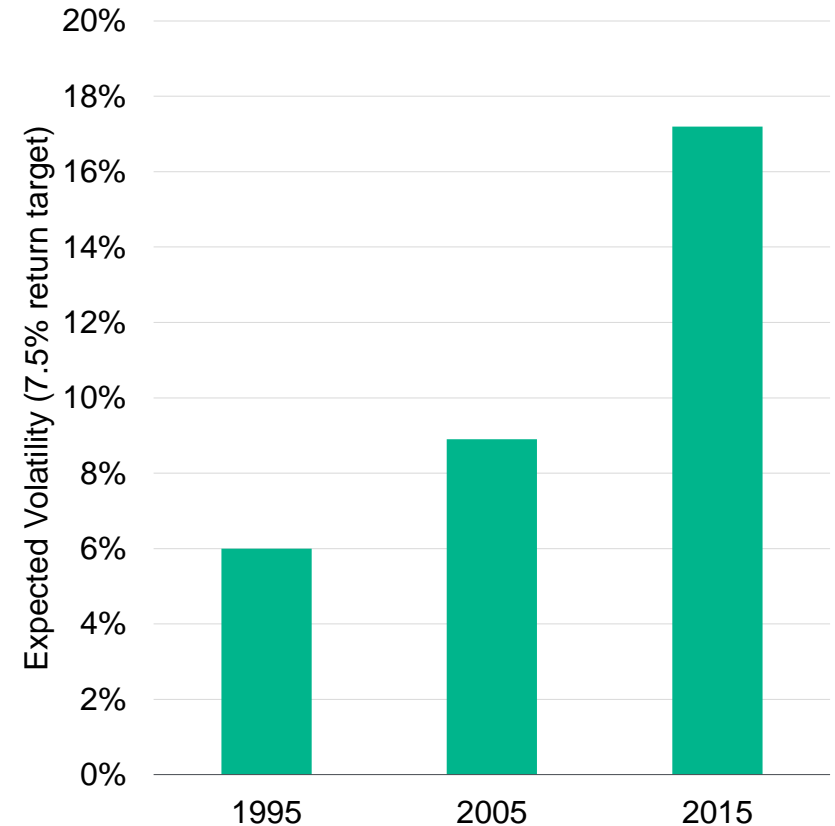
Source: CalPERS actuarial valuations

Declines in Reported US Public Pension Discount Rates Lag Market Indicators

- » Even at new, lower levels, reported discount rates remain well above market interest rates
- » Callan: volatility risk required to maintain 7.5% return expectations roughly tripled from 1995 to 2015

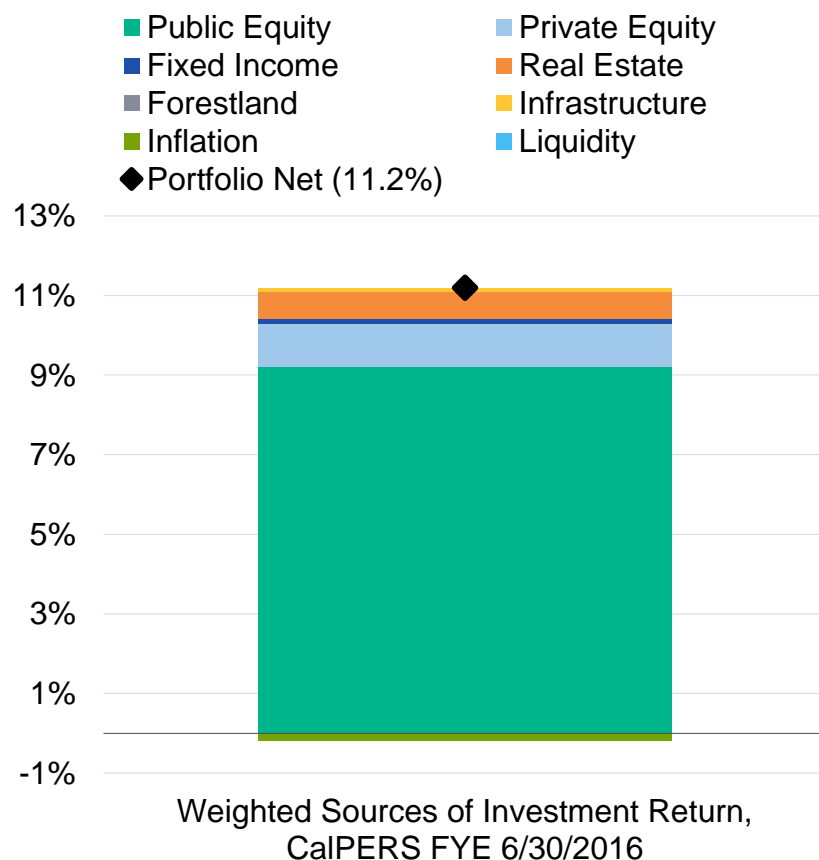


Sources: Callan, CalPERS, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis



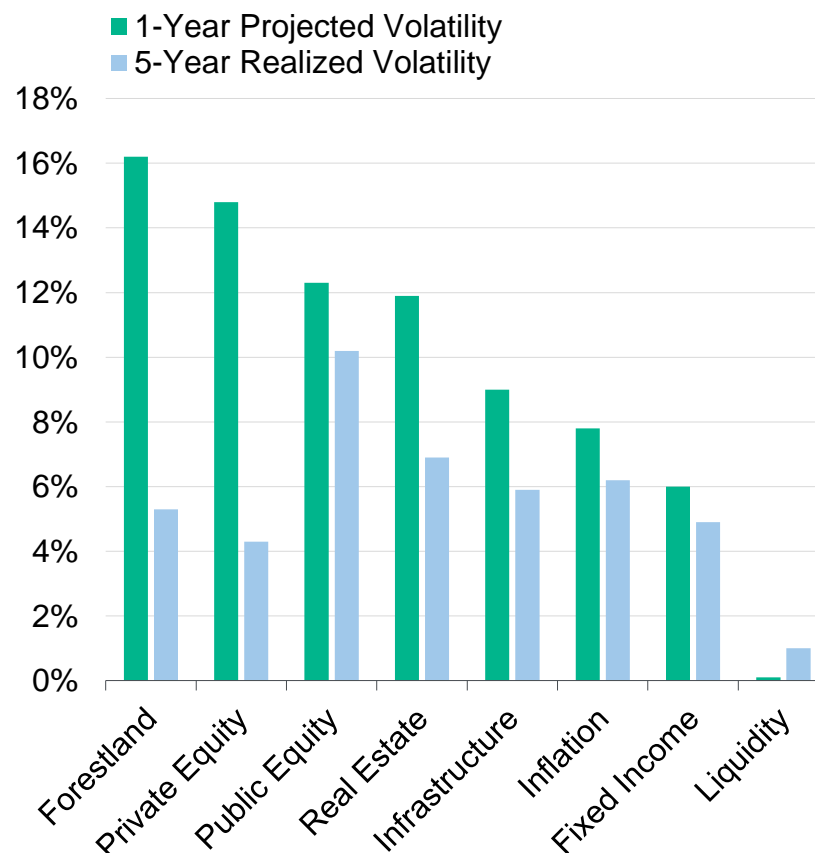
Favorable FY 2017 Returns Were From Relatively Volatile Asset Classes

CalPERS' weighted returns

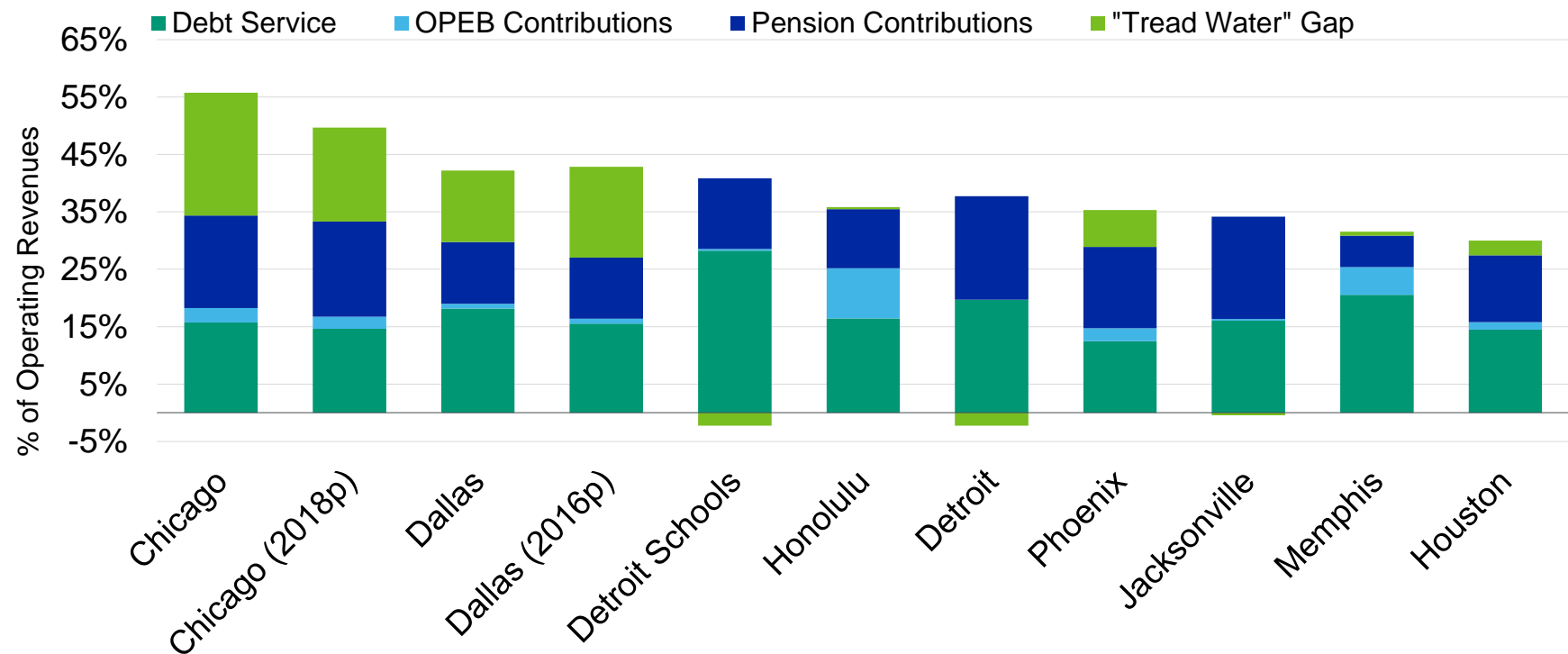


Source: CalPERS

CalPERS' return volatilities



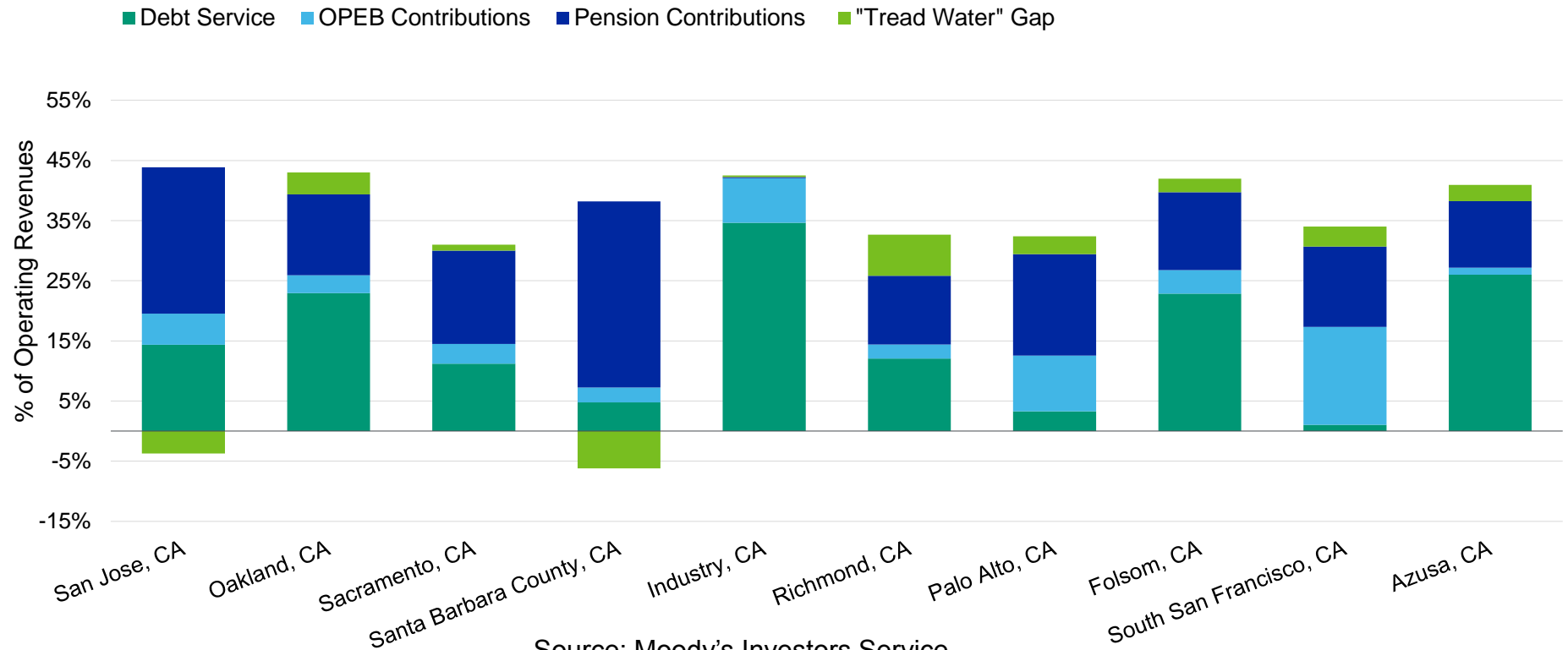
Nationally, Fixed Costs Exceed 30% of Operating Revenues for the Most Heavily Burdened Large Local Governments



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Some California Local Governments Also Have Very High Fixed Cost Burdens

- » Ten Moody's-rated California cities and one county have fixed cost burdens greater than 30%
- » Median fixed cost burden for California cities and counties is 19.5%



Source: Moody's Investors Service



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