



Revenue Recovery:

From Riches to Rags, and Back to Riches?

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// City of Belmont Case Study

- Case Study Background
- Solution Fiscal Impact Analysis with CFD
- Solution Business License Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax Updates





Case Study Background





General law city incorporated in 1926



Population: 27,000



Midway between San Francisco and San Jose/Silicon Valley



Comprehensive range of services

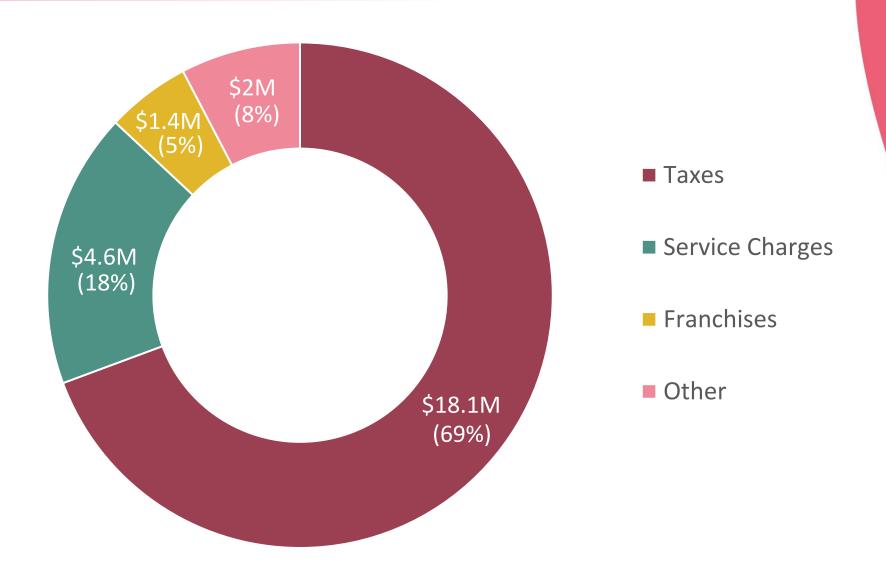




\$27M General Fund



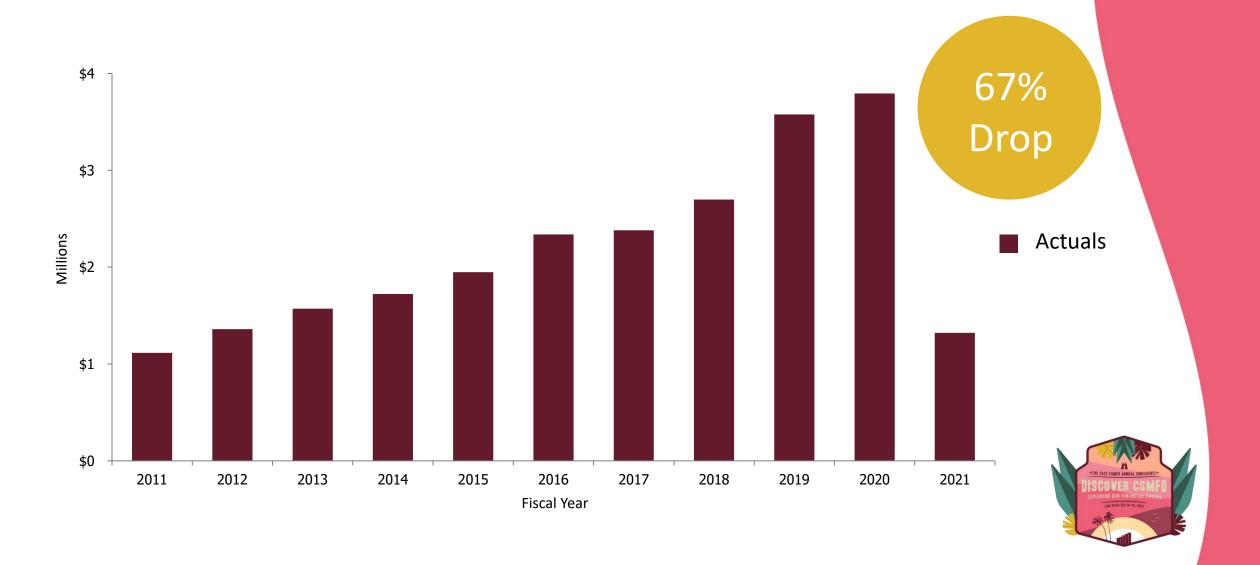
General Fund







TOT



Property Tax

Residual RDA 7%/yr shortfall in property tax

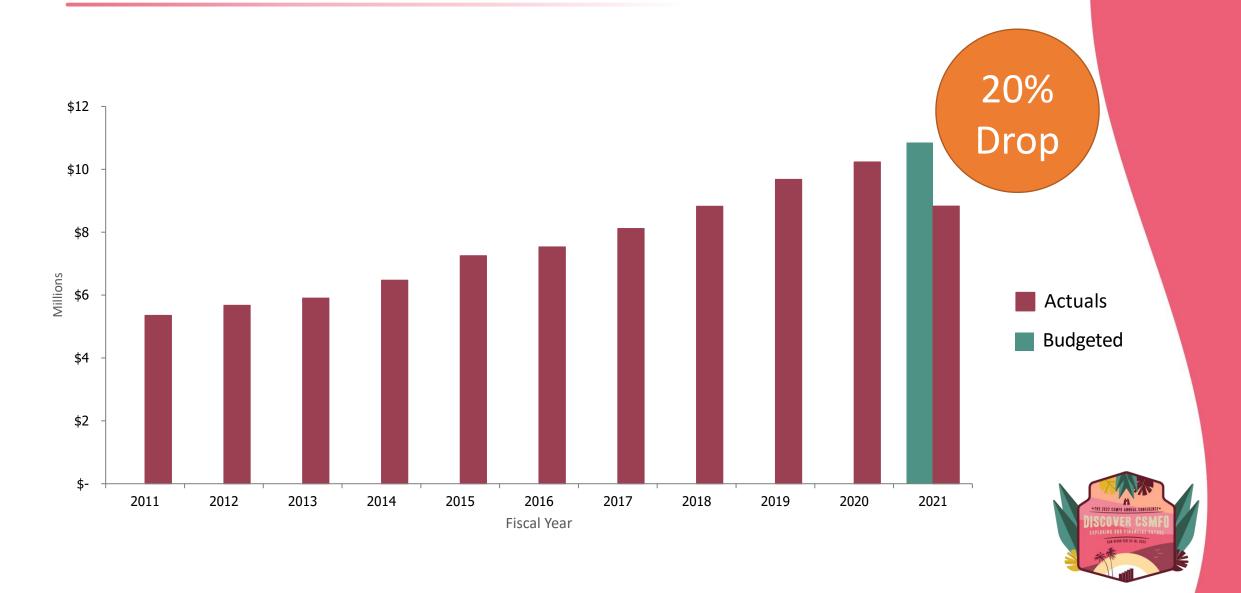
VLF Shortfall

- 15% FY 2020-21
- 40% 6-7 years out

20%-40% shortfall per year



Property Tax



Mitigation Strategies



RDA bond cash defeasance strategy



Legislative fix for VLF shortfall



... but are we prepared for the next crisis?



Revenue Enhancements

2021 Strategic Planning Workshop

City Council reaffirmed the strategic objectives of:

- "Maximizing existing sources of revenue"
- "Identifying new revenue sources to maintain financial stability"





Revenue Enhancements



- Sales Tax
- UUT



- Business License Tax
- TOT



- New Stormwater Fee
- Community Development Fee Study



Revenue Diversification

- Increasing development activities in past few years
 - 930 housing units under construction/pipeline
 - ❖ 3.4 million sq. ft. life science commercial development under construction









- Strain on existing demand on services
 - Community Facilities District (CFD) to support citywide services



Revenue Diversification

- Increasing demand for cannabis commercial activities
- Lack of retail operations
 - Cannabis ordinance and tax







Solution – Fiscal Impact Analysis & CFD

Increasing development activities in past few years

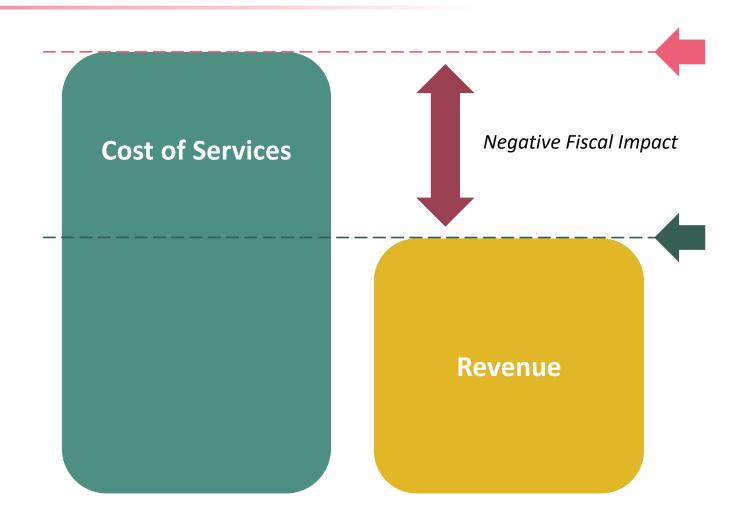
Strain on existing demand for services

Fiscal Impact Analysis quantifies new development revenue and costs

Community Facilities District is funding mechanism for services



Fiscal Impact Analysis





Fiscal Impact Analysis

Service Level
Analysis –
consider
optimal service
level

Costs
Applicable to
Project Area
Development

Revenues Applicable to Project Area Development

Net Fiscal Impact



Community Facilities District

Not Benefit Based

- Reasonable metrics
- Achieves local goals and policies

Approval Mechanism

 Registered voter election

OR

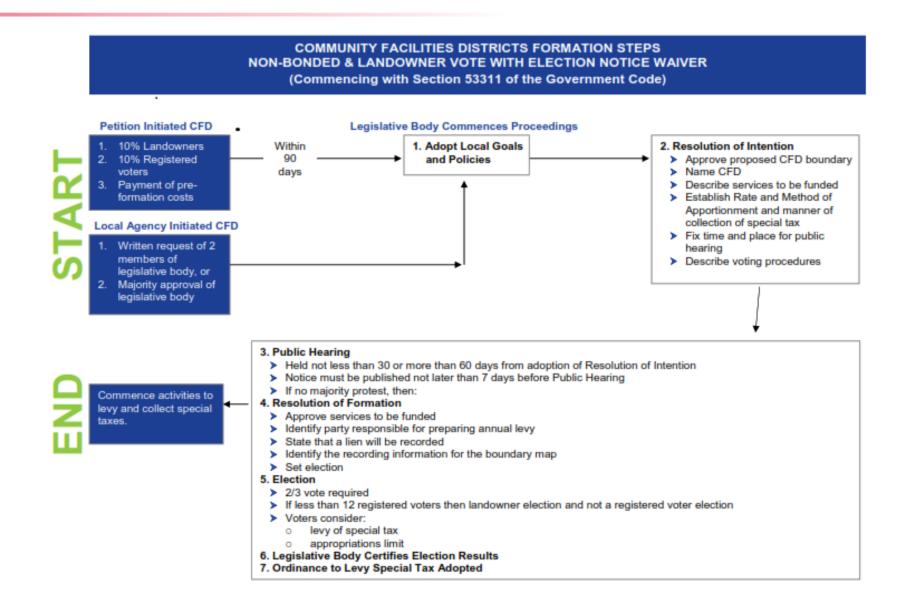
- Landowner voter election
- 2/3 votes in favor

Sample List of Services

- Police and Fire
- Park, road, open space maintenance
- Flood/storm protection system maintenance



Community Facilities District





Solution – Business License Tax

May 2020 Focus Groups

Key Principles Identified:

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BLT

Business License Tax Modernization



Last updated in 1990



- Flat rates
- # of employees
- Gross receipts
- ~20 different categories



4% of General Fund Revenues

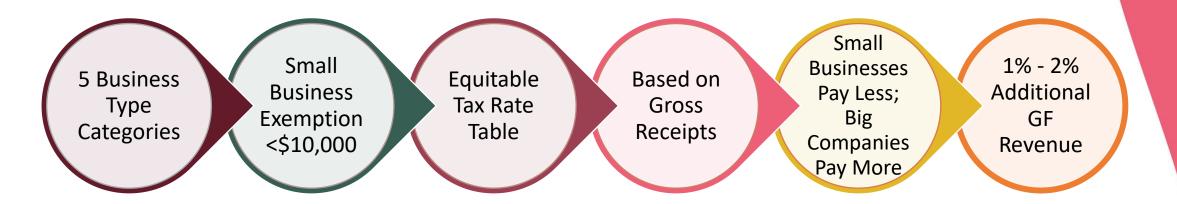




- Halted by pandemic, restarted in 2021
- Requires a vote of Belmont residents
- ❖ Majority versus ¾ vote requirements



BLT – Proposed Tax Structure





BLT – New Tax Considered

- Cannabis tax
- Not currently a permitted land use
- Concurrent work on developing land use regulations and ordinance
- Include commercial cannabis as business type category with tax rate incorporated as part of BLT update



Solution – TOT

- ❖ 10 hotels 950 rooms
- ❖ Current rate 12%
- ❖ Pre-COVID: 3rd largest source of General Fund revenues



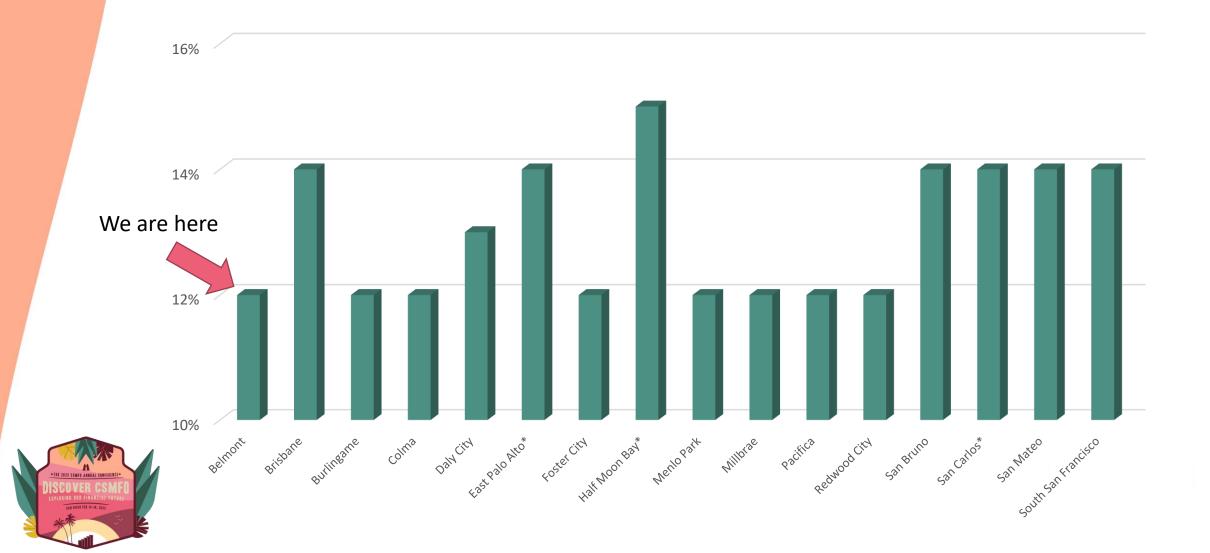








TOT Comparison



TOT



Currently lowest rate in the County



Last ballot measure in 2018



5 cities since 2018 increased TOT rates



Long-term lens for TOT post-recovery



Stay comparable with other cities





Summary

• Preparing for the next crisis

- Enhancing existing revenue sources
 - BLT
 - TOT
- New revenue sources
 - CFD
 - Cannabis tax
- Explore fee-supported programs
 - Stormwater fee
 - Comprehensive Community Development fee study
- Franchise fee







Thank you! Questions?