

TECHNOLOGY MASTER PLANNING

MAXIMIZE YOUR INVESTMENTS



Presented by

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&
Janelle Rau

CLIENTFIRST
TECHNOLOGY CONSULTING

YOUR PRESENTERS



David Krout, CPA (*inactive*)

- Managing Partner, ClientFirst Technology Consulting
- CA-based, National, Local Gov. Focused Consulting Firm
- Former Government IT Consulting Manager for a top 5 CPA/Consulting Firm
- Worked with over 120 agencies, thousands of Dept. users
- ClientFirst – 500 Agencies, Over 3,000 Projects



Janelle Rau

- General Services Agency Director, County of Mendocino
- Over 20 years local government Executive Management and Leadership experience
- County Office of Emergency Services/Logistics Section Chief
- Leads County's High Performance Organization Model efforts with Departments and Elected Officials



Questions,
Answers,
and the Plan

THE CHALLENGE

WHY DO A TECH MASTER PLAN

- Align technology with the agency's Goals
- Identify and budget for initiatives to:
 - Improve resident services
 - Increase efficiency
 - Reduce risk



WHY DO A TECH MASTER PLAN

- Planning makes expenditures more efficient
 - Budget based on a plan vs. plan based on budget
 - Process identifies efficiencies otherwise not clearly evident
- More than Strategy
- More projects, dependencies, and pre-requisites considered
- Better management of limited resources
- Some projects can free up costs to apply to future initiatives



BENEFITS

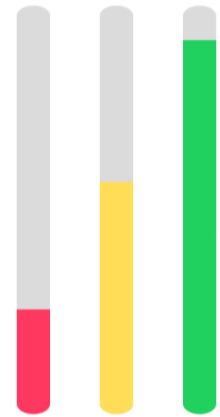
The Technology Plan will:

- Focus staff on what creates the most value
 - Resident services
 - Process Improvements
- Improve cybersecurity and resiliency
- Right size IT resources
- Create a flexible planning and measurement framework
- Improve Governance Technology Decision-Making



OUTCOMES

- More buy-in at all levels of organization
 - Change Management throughout process
- Improved Exec. Management understanding
- Increased Elected Official support
- More projects completed going forward
 - 70-90% of plan versus historical 25-35%
- Not just a report – An ongoing **and evolving** framework to manage technology





TIME FOR A HANDOFF



COUNTY OF MENDOCINO

Rural county on California's North Coast

- 3,878 square miles
- 88,018 population as of 2017
- About 23 residents/sq. mi.
- 3 satellite locations

Total Budget: \$350MM

- Discretionary revenue: \$80MM

1,400 Total Staff

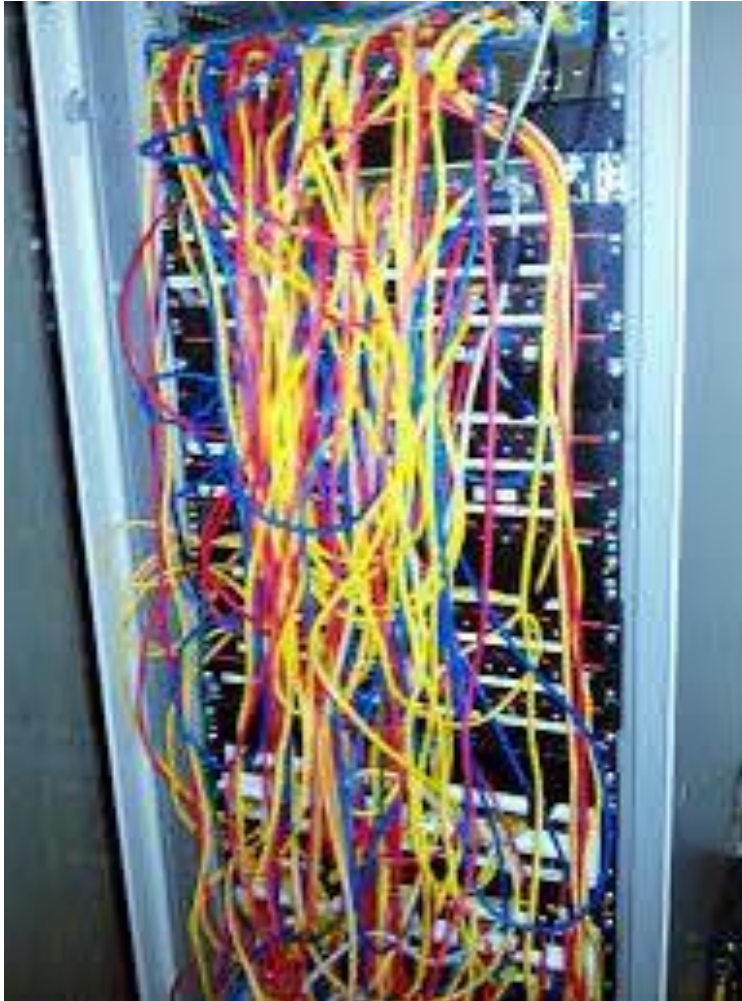
- 29 IT staff



WHY PLAN WAS NEEDED

- The Reason:
 - Almost everything needed replacement (20+ years of deferred maintenance)
 - The business of the County was beginning to suffer
- Assess where we were and plan where to go
 - Amidst a rapidly changing IT industry
- Leverage IT to improve resident services
 - Efficiency improvements welcome
- Build consensus, gain BOS approval, and revitalize IT
 - Upgrade infrastructure
 - Replace key systems

COUNTY PAST EXPERIENCE



IT investment lagged, systems grew old, infrastructure was provisional, and all but basic computing tasks were out of reach

Makeshift solutions and half-measures left the County's IT infrastructure at risk and vulnerable

Organizational frustration with IT service became evident through leadership process

At this point, the CEO authorized staff to commission a Master Plan for how the County should use and invest and promote information technology and information resources (people)



TIME FOR A HANDOFF



THE PLANNING PROCESS

Phased
Approach

OUR VIEW



ONE GOAL OF A MASTER PLAN IS
TO IMPROVE EFFICIENCY WHILE
MAXIMIZING INVESTMENT

- 100-300 Applications and Modules
 - 80%+ is Software
 - Many systems are highly underutilized
 - Without more effective Application Management and User Support:
 - **Productivity**
 - **Efficiencies**
 - **Customer Service**
 - **Transparency Improvements**
- are not significantly achievable

PHASED APPROACH

**Agencywide Issues
and Needs
determined first...**

**...with Strategies
and Goals to get
there...**

**...culminating in
tactical/actionable
initiatives for
executing the plan**



NEEDS ASSESSMENT FOCUS

IT Infrastructure & Operations

- Interviews – Leadership to Help Desk
- Facility/Systems Walk-Throughs
- Network/Systems Engineering Reviews
- Review IT Staff and Organizational Structure
- Service Needs/Service Response
- Policies & Procedures



Departmental Business Operations

- Questionnaire and Information Requests
- Needs Assessment Workshops by each department
- Applications Portfolio





TIME FOR A HANDOFF



WHAT WAS DISCOVERED

PROJECT TEAM BEST PRACTICE

- The process of developing such a plan involved stakeholders horizontally and vertically throughout the organization.
- From the process owner in the field, to BOS, to CEO – everyone had a role in shaping the Master Plan.



SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS OF INTEREST



Many technologies were generations behind

Critical systems no longer supported by vendors

Staff only able to “keep the lights on”

Tens of thousands of hours spent using spreadsheets

SIGNIFICANT FINDINGS OF INTEREST



Many software systems underutilized, preventing departments from achieving constituent/internal service goals

Some departments lacked ownership of their applications

Lots of pent-up demand for too many needs

Demands exceeded resources (financial and employee)

AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT



Significant potential for Improvements in Efficiency and Resident service

Limited online access and services for County Residents

Departments rely heavily on manual processes/paper

Financial/HR/Payroll System still a good fit

- Unchanged since implementation, presents opportunities for:
 - **Budget Process improvements**
 - **Electronic Document Management System**

ASSESSMENT: AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

IT Technical Findings

- Most key infrastructure components were obsolete and **beyond life expectancy**
 - Including communication systems that support Public Safety
- County geography limits internet and network connectivity options
 - Makes cloud computing risky
 - Reduces Emergency Preparedness and Resiliency alternatives
- IT operational tools and automation for repetitive tasks lacking





TIME FOR A HANDOFF



COLLABORATIVE WORKSHOPS

Critical to
Educate
and Gain
Buy-In

EDUCATIONAL WORKSHOPS

- Educational Workshops
 - IT Infrastructure and Operations
 - Department-Focused
- Prioritization Workshops
- Executive Management



PRIORITIZATION WORKSHOPS

- It is necessary to conduct Initiative Prioritization Workshops with your Project Team and Department Participants
- Multiple Steps/Workshops
 - First, without the cost/budget information
 - Second, with budget information
 - Third, with resource constraints
- Adjusting prioritization establishes the sequence for execution of your plan initiatives





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INITIATIVES

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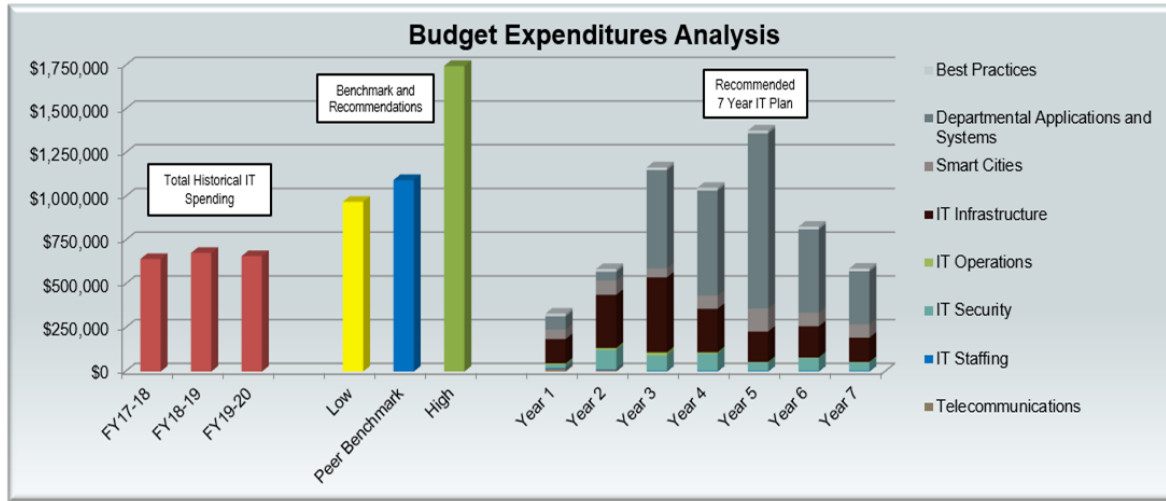
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METRICS AND BENCHMARKING

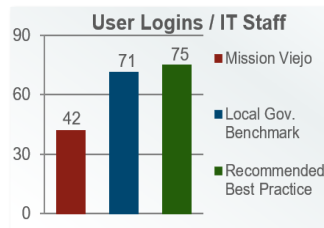
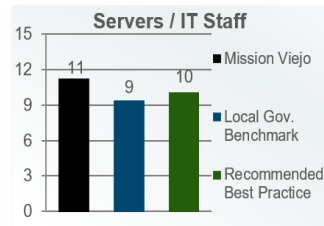
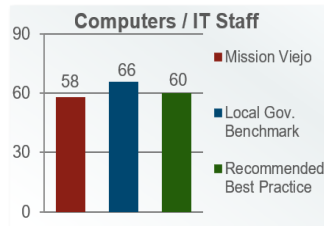
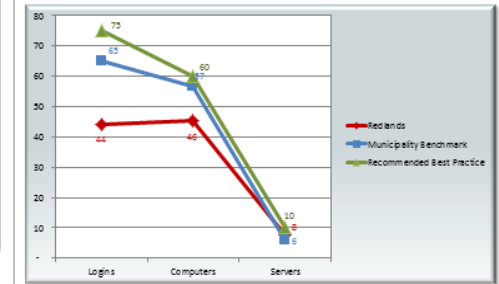


IT Staffing Ratios

The following table depicts Redlands's IT Staffing Ratios versus a Municipality Benchmark of 37 similar agencies. These agencies responded to a survey.

| | Redlands | Municipality Benchmark | Recommended Best Practice |
|-----------|----------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Logins | 44 | 68 | 75 |
| Computers | 46 | 58 | 60 |
| Servers | 8 | 6 | 10 |

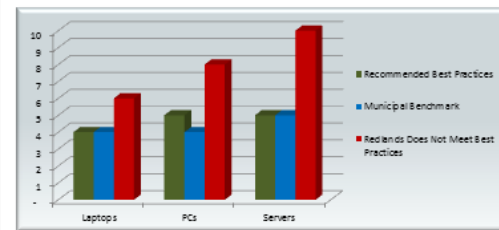
In this comparison, the City's staffing ratios for users, computers and servers are less efficient than their peers (i.e., supporting less users and devices per IT staff) and recommended best practices. As a part of our review, we did uncover many areas in which the City could expect to have significant productivity improvements for these benchmarks.



Equipment Replacement

The following table depicts Redlands's primary IT equipment replacement practices versus Recommended Best Practices and a Municipal benchmark of 36 agencies. These agencies responded to a survey and are from California, Illinois, and Wisconsin.

| | Redlands | Municipal Benchmark | Recommended Best Practices |
|---------|----------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Laptops | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| PCs | 8 | 4 | 5 |
| Servers | 10 | 5 | 5 |



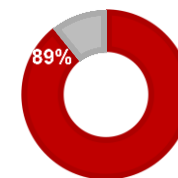
Unfortunately, the City continues to utilize laptops, PCs, and servers longer than best practices recommend. Issues with extending utilization of laptops, PCs, and servers include:

- A higher failure rate after four and five years of productive life
- Laptops are less powerful than desktops and, therefore, tend to run newer software more slowly
- Battery life decreases with age

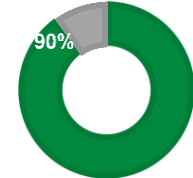
Many of our clients have moved to a five-year replacement plan for PCs due to reduced capital funding.

SERVER VIRTUALIZATION

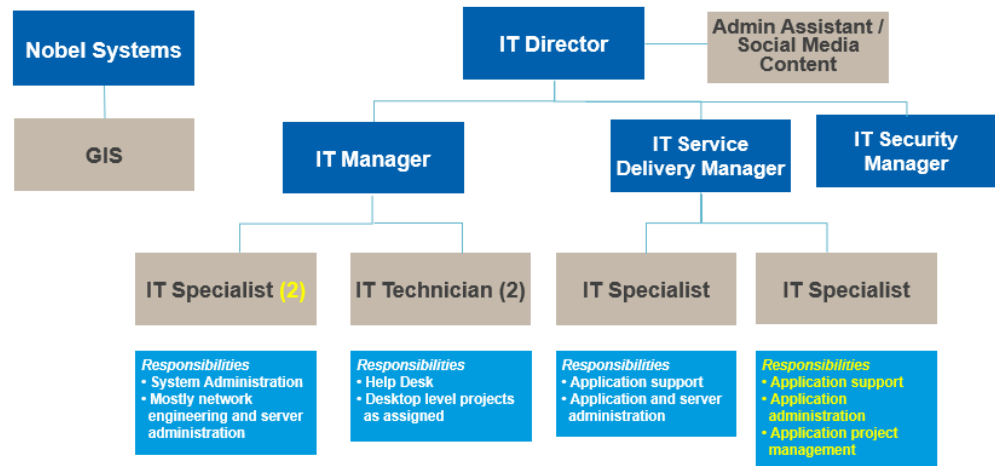
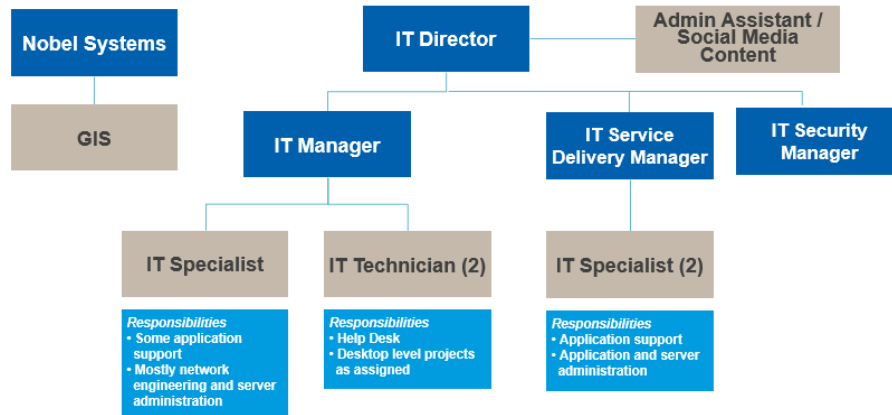
CURRENT



BEST PRACTICE (GOAL)



IT STAFFING ANALYSIS



Shift one IT Specialist to infrastructure

Add IT Specialist with sole focus on department applications and project management

CIP / BUDGET



Technology Master Plan Capital Budget

| |
|---|
| H - High - Initiative is mission critical, it mitigates risk, and/or it has significant cost benefit or return on investment. Also provides significant level of service or protection to constituents and the community. Funding for these initiatives typically begins in the beginning of the 5-year planning period. |
| M - Medium - Is important to the organization, has measurable cost benefit or return on investment. Medium-priority initiatives also provide a service and protection to constituents and the community, but at a lower degree than a high-priority initiative. Funding for these initiatives typically begins in the middle of the 5-year planning period (Year 2 or 3). Can also be a high-priority initiative that is dependent on another high-priority initiative that is a prerequisite. |
| L - Low - Provides value, but with minimal cost benefit or return on investment. Can also be a medium-priority initiative that is dependent on another medium-priority initiative that is a prerequisite. Funding for these initiatives typically begins towards the end of the 5-year planning period (Years 3-5). |

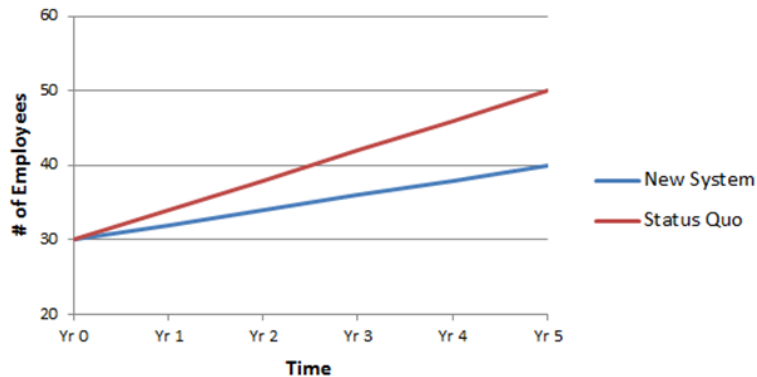
| Initiative | IT Initiative | Comments | Priority | Budget Range | | FYE 2018 | FYE 2019 | FYE 2020 | FYE 2021 | FYE 2022 | FYE 2023 |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | Low | High | | | | | | |
| Best Practices | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Technology Governance | Conduct an IT Governance Workshop that will include a Governance guideline binder for County's future use and reference | M | \$10,000 | \$20,000 | | \$15,000 | | | | |
| 2 | Sustainability Planning | Providing tools and staff training | H | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Project Planning and Implementation Best Practices | Providing tools and staff training. This is policy and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. | H | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Applications Management Best Practices | These are policies and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. | H | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Business Process Reviews | These are policies and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. | H | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Software Selection Best Practices | These are policies and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. | H | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Enterprise Reporting Best Practices | These are policies and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. Application Support will be critical to implementation of these practices. | M | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | User Training and Support | Initially Windows 10, Office 2016, and then ongoing Office and Departmental Training budget year-over-year. | H | Ongoing | | | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 | \$50,000 |
| 9 | Training Rooms | Facilities, computers and equipment, with refresh in year 3. | H | \$25,000 | \$25,000 | | | \$25,000 | | | |
| 10 | IT Project and Services Portfolio | Documenting IT roles and responsibilities for all services including SLA for business application support | M | \$8,000 | \$12,000 | | | | \$10,000 | | |
| 11 | Return-On-Investment Considerations | This is policy and practices the County will follow per the initiative recommendations. This will be covered in the IT Governance Workshop and included as part of individual initiatives, as applicable. | H | | | | | | | | |
| Departmental Applications and Systems | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Munis Gap Analysis and Utilization Improvement | Increase utilization and close gap on functionality and capabilities that have not been implemented. This will include some process evaluation and improvement. | H | \$300,000 | \$600,000 | | \$100,000 | \$250,000 | \$250,000 | | |
| 13 | Budgeting Process Review and Improvements | This is an adjunct to the Munis Gap Analysis and Utilization Improvement, but focuses on a process review and plan to improve the budget creation process within the Munis system. | | \$30,000 | \$50,000 | \$35,000 | \$35,000 | | | | |
| 14 | Bids Management Tool | Recommend considering Tyler Munis functionality before considering third-party solutions | M | \$25,000 | \$50,000 | | | \$50,000 | | | |
| 15 | NEOGOV Gap Analysis and Utilization Improvements | Increase utilization and close gap on functionality and capabilities that have not been implemented. This will include some process evaluation and improvement. | M | \$20,000 | \$30,000 | | | \$25,000 | | | |
| 16 | GovInvest License and Implementation | Costs to be determined | M | | | | | | | | |

ROI – COST & PRODUCTIVITY

Automation and Shadow System Elimination

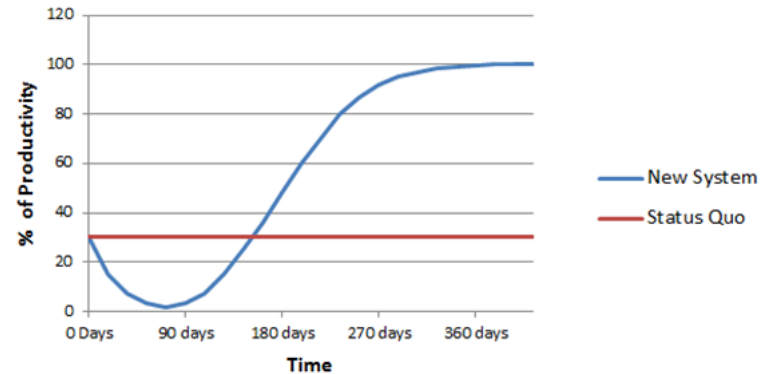
Five (5) Departments each @ 8 hours spent per week on Shadow Systems = 40 hour per week = One Full Employee = Estimate of \$100,000 annual Employee Cost (fully burdened) = \$500,000 in Savings over 5 Years

Decrease in Staff Growth Rate



Control Staff Growth Rate

Productivity Cycle



Product Realization Cycle

“As Is” Process (prior to new system)



“To Be” Process (after implementation of new system)



Workload Transference



TIME FOR A HANDOFF



EFFICIENCY OPPORTUNITY EXAMPLES

ROI &
Governance

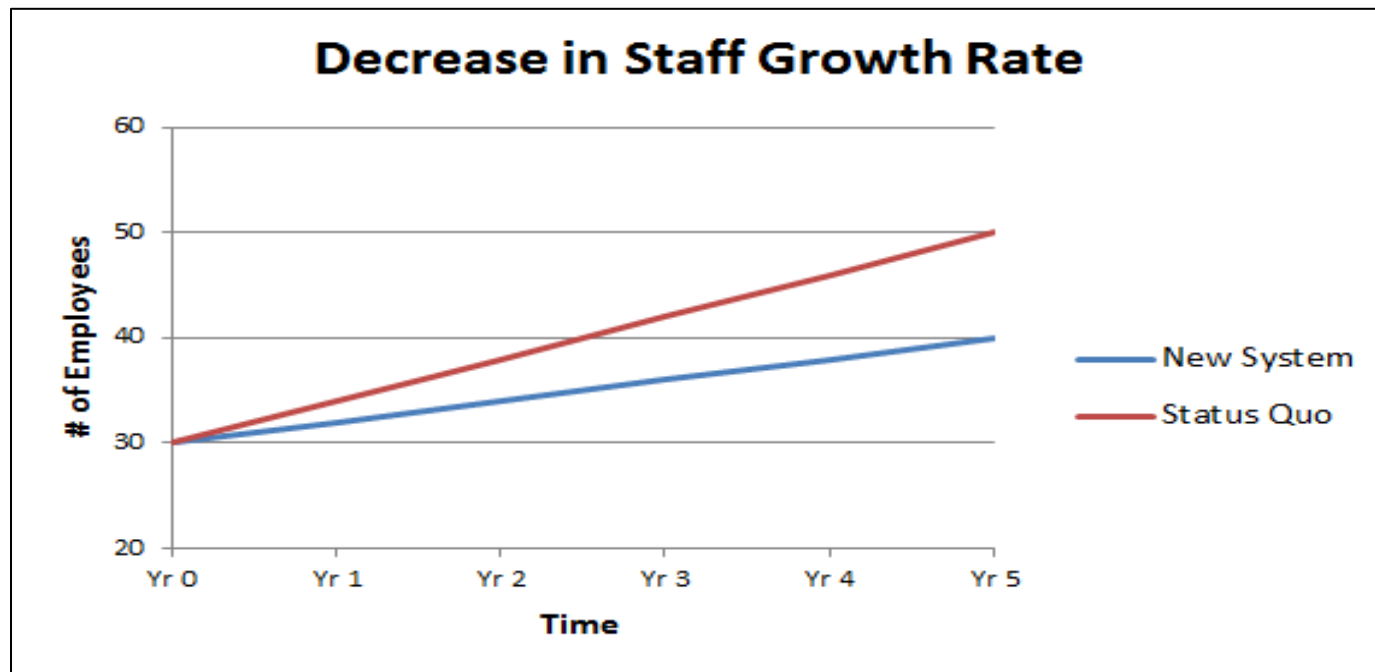
COUNTY OF MENDOCINO

- Assessment Results
 - 99 initiatives (more identified, but maintained confidential due to security risks)
 - Many potential areas for efficiency gains
 - Initial studies indicated over 120,000 hours could be gained
 - Estimated savings through automation of **\$4,462,000!**



VIEW OF EFFICIENCY GAINS

- Demand for services, regulation and information requests continue to expand
- We typically look to efficiency gains to decrease staff growth



MEASUREMENT

- For staff time, we tend to develop an average hourly rate = pay rate + total benefits

| | Average Salary | Overhead % | Total Annual Comp |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|
| Total Annual Comp | \$60,000 | 41.15 | \$84,750 |

| | Total Annual Comp | Hours | Hourly Rate |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|
| Total Annual Comp | \$84,750 | 2080 | \$40.75 |

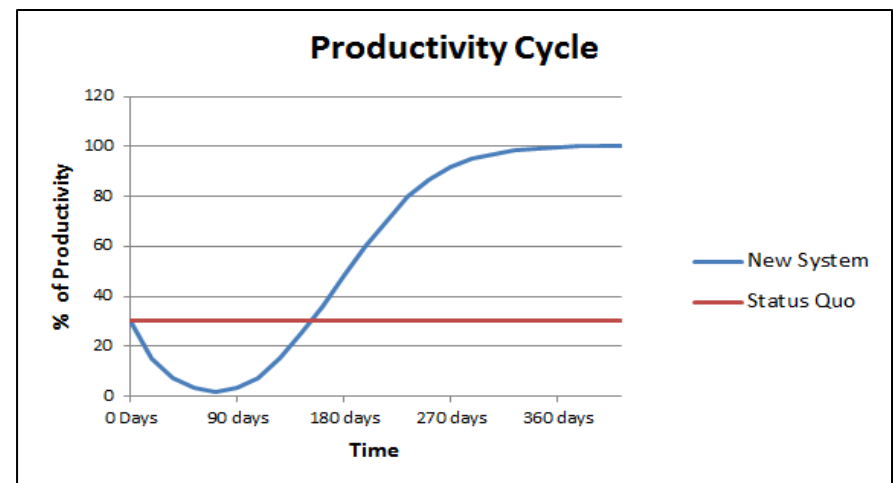
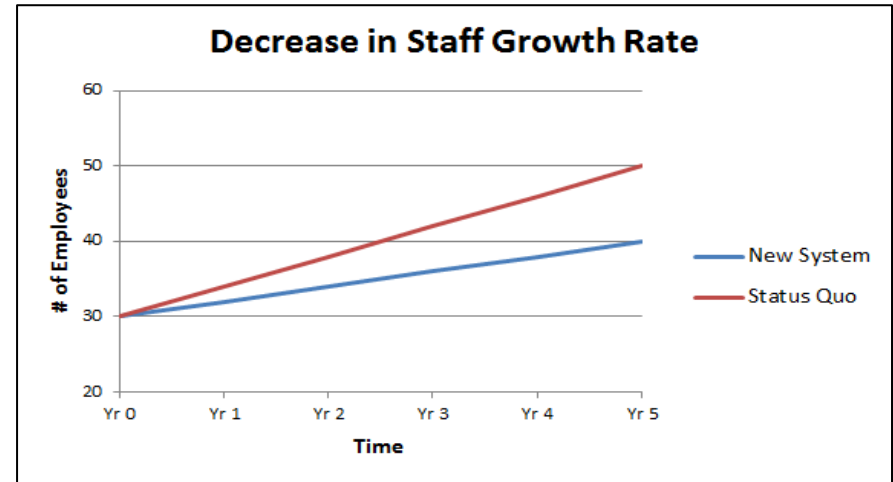
Procurement Processes Improve

- Results:
 - 53 specific improvements
 - Many save an hour/staff/week and affect 20 staff
 - Some improvements may affect 100 staff, twice/week
 - Total estimated savings = \$1,450,000+



APPLICATION SYSTEMS IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

- Preliminarily identified 161 efficiency opportunities
- Process reviews will find hundreds of additional opportunities
- Minimum potential efficiency gains are expected to be over 100,000 labor hours over the duration of the plan
- Goal: Free up staff time to focus on more valuable tasks and improving service to residents and internally



LASTING IMPACTS

Looking
Back

ELECTED OFFICIALS BUY-IN

- Board of Supervisors made increased efficiency a formal **directive** in early 2019
- BOS has emphasized investment in labor & wages with direction to operationally downsize
- Need to become more efficient!!!



GAINS THROUGH AUTOMATION

- And finally, sometimes, we have to spend \$ to save \$s.
- Gains from automation can include:
 - Improved service levels
 - Time to implement new services
 - New hire avoidance – Eliminating positions through attrition and Position consolidation



SETBACKS



When we dug into it – before improvements could start:

- Application upgrades required
- Some in-system work arounds had to be revised

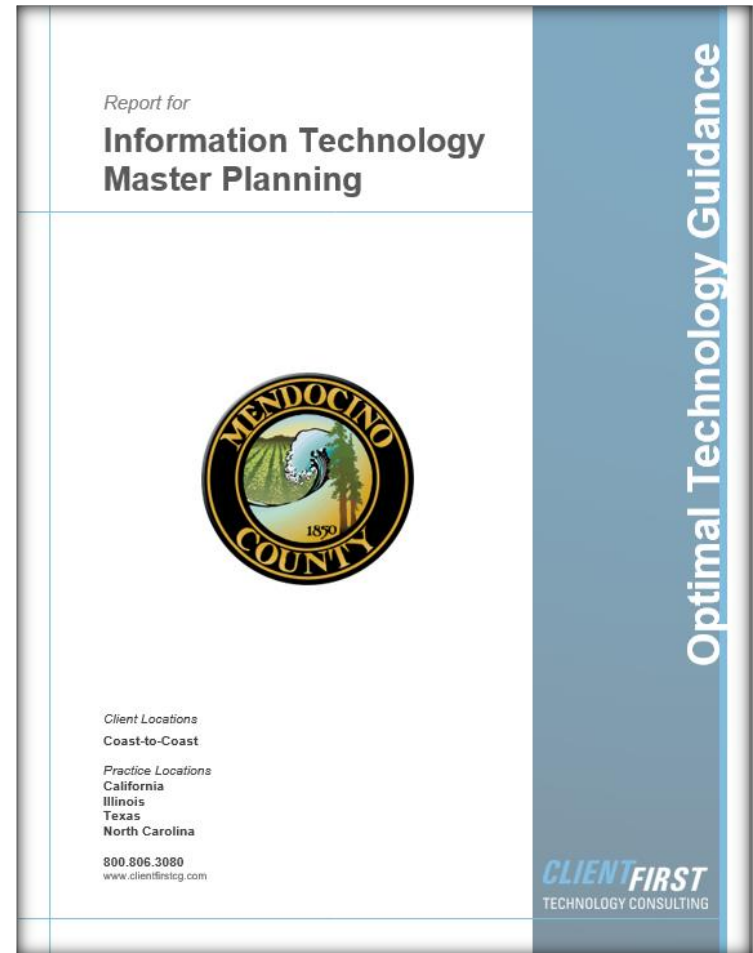
Teach staff how to work on Technology projects

- Culture of inertia had to change

So many needs, difficult to maintain focus on priorities

JUST THE BEGINNING

- Technology Master Plan approved in 2018
- 99 initiatives identified, along with estimated funding plan for each
- Approximately \$20MM budget
- Many IT initiatives/projects were started and/or completed in first year



TECHNOLOGY GOVERNANCE

- Technology Governance is a struggle:
 - Many initial projects are infrastructure-focused with small user constituency
 - Limited interest in governance because Department impact is minimal
 - Most priorities set by Executive Office
 - BOS IT Ad Hoc provides guidance too
- Now that projects are beginning to affect the Departments, Governance will become more important



BRINGING FOCUS TO CHAOS



- Organizational culture is shifting from viewing IT as an added expense towards a view of IT being **added value** in any business process
- Technology supports and drives nearly all our business operation improvements
- Working to make technology **efficient**

CHANGING MINDS

- Working with departments that champion technology slowly brings others along
- When people learn “what Technology can do for them” they want to contribute their efforts to projects that produce efficiencies



QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS



HERE TO SERVE YOU

Thank you

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TECHNOLOGY CONSULTING