

INTRODUCTIONS



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PRESENTATION TOPICS

- Community Facilities District Basics
 - Background
 - Overview
 - Purpose
- ► California Community Facilities Districts
- Community Facilities Districts Details
 - Financing Team
 - Formation and Bonds
 - Administration
 - Case Study
- ► Final Considerations
 - Resources



COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT BASICS



BACKGROUND

Proposition 13

- ► Approved by California voters in 1978
- ▶ Limited revenues available to public agencies collected from ad valorem property taxes
- ► Limited municipalities' ability to issue general obligation bonds without a vote from all constituents

Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982

- ► Authorized by the State in response to the limitations of Proposition 13
 - CA Government Code 53311 et. Seq.
- Provides long-term financing for public agencies
- ► Allows the formation of a Community Facilities District (CFD)
 - Also known as a "Mello-Roos District"



COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS (CFD)

- Separate legal entity
- May be formed by any public agency with authority to provide public services/facilities
- Subject to majority protest
- ► Requires 2/3rd approval of registered landowners within proposed CFD
 - Vote usually occurs when developer is the sole landowner
 - Not affected by Proposition 218 requirements
- ► May issue bonds secured by levy of special taxes



PURPOSE OF A CFD

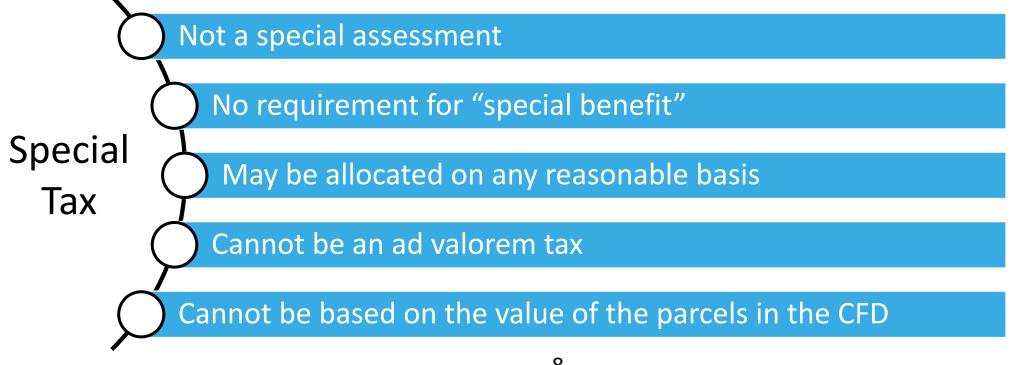
- ► Provides versatile and flexible funding mechanism
- ► Places the cost burden for new infrastructure development and services solely on newly developing property and its owners
- ► New homeowners, for example, pay for new infrastructure development/obligations and additional services not existing residents





CFD SPECIAL TAXES

- ► Levied in accordance with the methodology approved by voter(s) in the Rate and Method of Apportionment (RMA)
- Paid for by property owners within the CFD





CFD BDNDS

- ► For Bonded CFDs, improvements are funded through the sale of landsecured municipal bonds
- ▶ Limited obligations payable from and secured by special taxes collected
- ▶ Public agency forming the CFD has no financial liability for bond payments
 - Levies, collects, and administers special taxes in accordance with bond documents
- Covenant to foreclose if special taxes not paid



WHAT FACILITIES CAN BE FUNDED?



Backbone Infrastructure

Natural gas pipeline facilities

Streets

Telephone lines, electrical or cable lines



Libraries
Local parks
Open-space facilities
Parkways
Recreation



Childcare facilities

Elementary and
Secondary school sites
and structures



Flood and storm protection facilities
Undergrounding of water transmission and distribution facilities

Water and sewer system facilities



Other local government facilities that the agency forming the CFD is authorized to construct, own, or operate



REQUIREMENTS OF A FACILITIES CFD

Useful Life

5 years or longer

Facilities Ownership

- Owned/operated by the local agency forming the CFD
- Owned/operated by another agency with overlapping jurisdiction through a Joint Community Facilities Agreement

Facilities Construction

- Includes purchase, construction, expansion, improvement, or rehabilitation
- Constructed on behalf of, or acquired by the local agency

Facilities Funding

- Pay-go funding through Special Taxes
- Financed through bonds issued by the CFD



WHAT SERVICES CAN BE FUNDED?

- Services must be NEW SERVICES to be provided within the boundaries of the CFD
- ► Police protection for raw land is considered a different service than police protection services for a newly built-out neighborhood



Police protection services
Fire protection and suppression services
Ambulance and paramedic services



Maintenance services for elementary and secondary school sites and structures

services



Maintenance and lighting of parks, parkways, streets, roads, and open space



Operation and maintenance of museums and cultural facilities

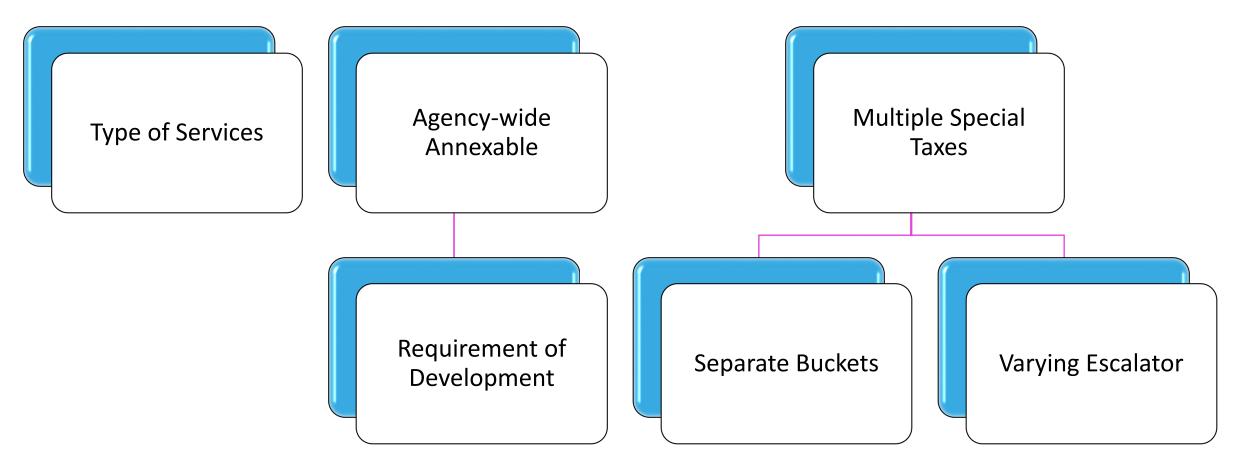
Library services



hazardous waste cleanup
Flood and storm protection services



SERVICES - CONSIDERATIONS





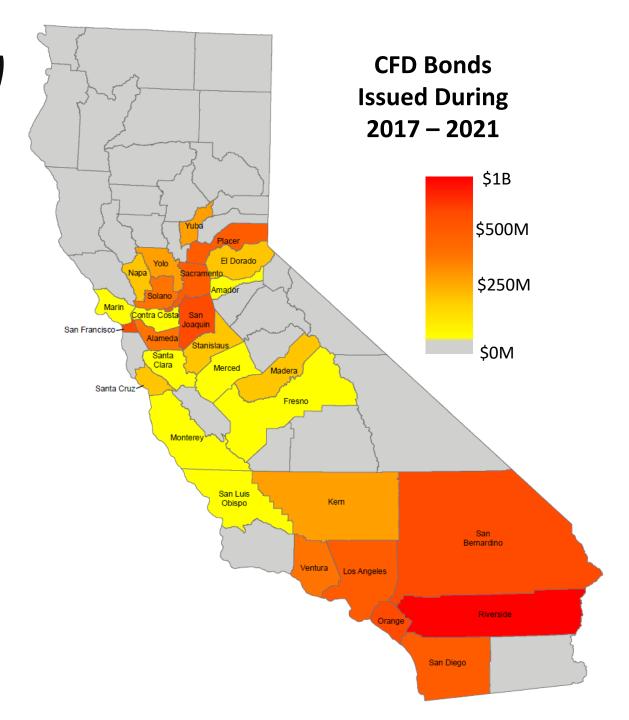
CALIFORNIA CFDs



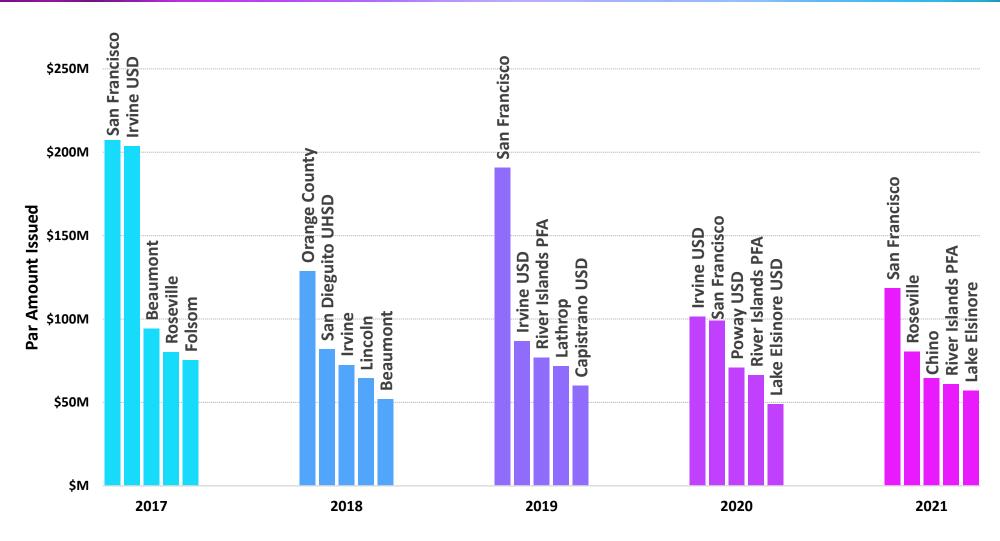
CFDs IN CALIFORNIA

CFDs used more frequently as a funding tool for public infrastructure in areas with:

- Residential housing demand
- Greater population growth and migration
- Closer proximity to job centers
- Access to main transportation corridors
- Developable land with infrastructure needs
- Accommodating public policy



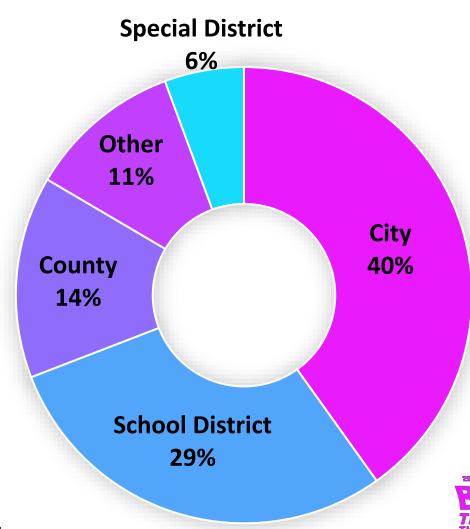
TOP 5 CFDs BY YEAR (2017-2021)



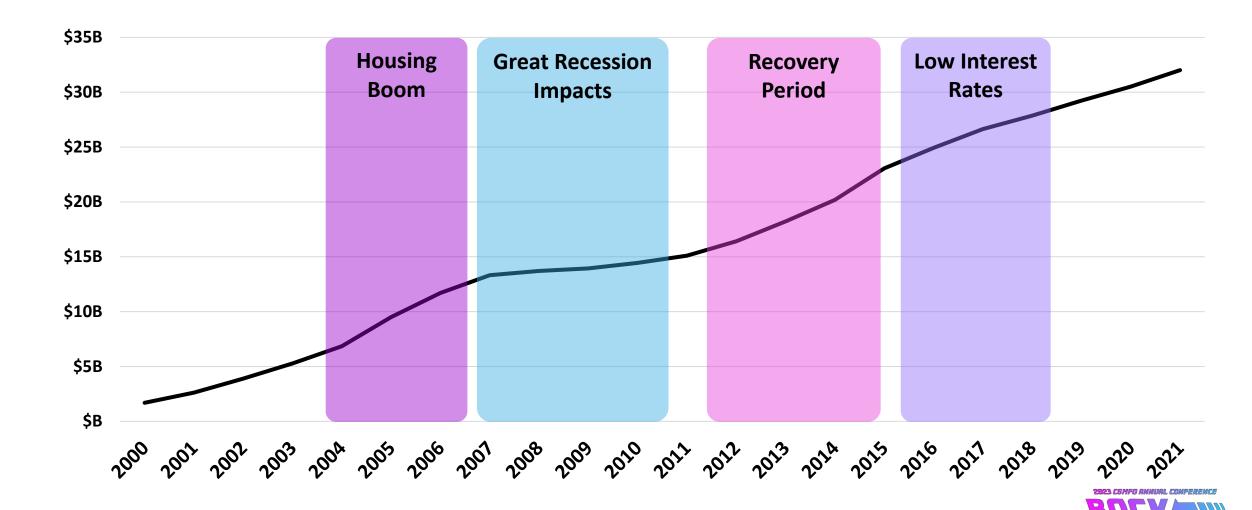


CFD ISSUANCE BY AGENCY (2017-2021)

- ► \$7.1 billion CFD bonds issued between 2017 2021
- ► Cities and School Districts represent largest share of par amount issued
 - Growing funding needs
 - Limited available resources
- ► Special Districts represent the most frequent issuers based on number of CFD bond issuances
 - Multiple issues
 - Smaller par amounts per issue



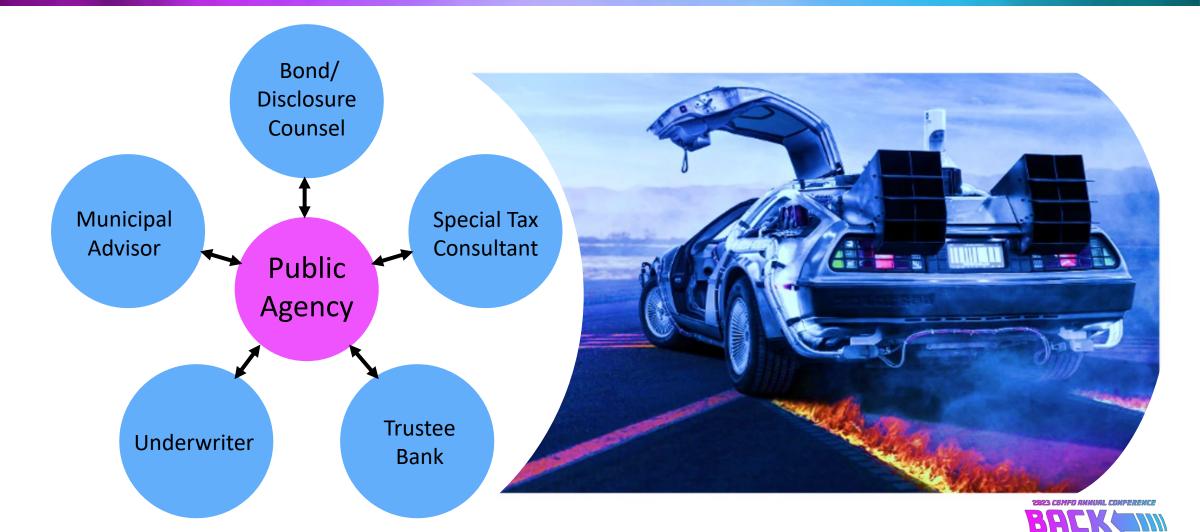
TOTAL CFD BONDS ISSUED (2000-2021)



COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT DETAILS



ESTABLISH A FINANCING TEAM



HOW IS A CFD FORMED?

Consent of legislative body required

Establish a Financing Team

Get Land Secured Debt and Disclosure Policies in place

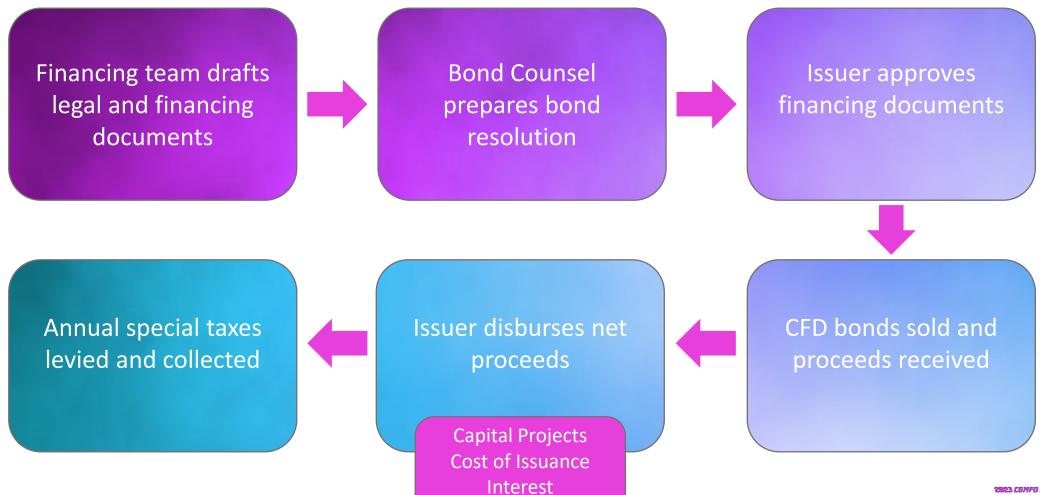
As Easy as time Travel:

- ▶ Set the Time
 - Petition
- Start the Engine
 - Resolution(s) of Intention
 - Rate and Method of Apportionment & Boundary Map
- ▶ Hit the Gas
 - Public Hearing & Written protests
- ▶ Reach 88 MPH
 - Resolution of Formation
 - CFD Election





LET'S GET THESE FACILITIES FUNDED





Reserves

WE WANT IT ALL - A CASE STUDY



Jurupa Community Services District Community Facilities District No. 54

Facilities Special Tax

- Initial Special Tax Rates: \$2,725 to \$3,350
- No Escalation
- Agency Facilities Included
 - Neighborhood Park Fees \$1,691,280
 - Community Park Fees \$393,556
 - Water Facilities Capacity Fees \$1,379,278
 - Sewer Facilities Capacity Fees \$1,974,861
- JCFA Facilities Included
 - CNUSD Fees \$2,407,833
 - City of Eastvale DIF \$356,967
- ▶ Term of Tax: FY 2062-2063

- Formed: July 8, 2019
- First Annual Enrollment: FY 2019-20
- Bonds Issued: August 11, 2021

Operations and Maintenance Special Tax

- Initial Special Tax Rates: \$427
- Escalates at the greater of CPI or 2%
- O&M Included
 - Streetscape Maintenance
 - Medians
 - Park Maintenance
- Term of Tax: Perpetuity



NOW WHAT? ADMINISTRATION!

Basics:

- Budgets (February through June)
- Enrollments (By August)
- Bond Payments (Vary)
- Delinquency Management (Mostly Bonded CFDs)

In-Depth:

- Parcel Changes
- Funds Analysis
- Bond Calls

- Prepayment Calculations
- Property Owner Phone Calls
- Reporting Requirements



REPORTING

Report Type	Due Date	Required CFDs
SB 165	January 1 (annually)	All bonded CFDs
AB 2109	January 31 (annually)	All CFDs which are annually levied
AB 1666	January 31 (annually)	All CFDs which are annually levied
SB 1029	January 31 (annually)	All bonded CFDs which issued debt on or after January 21, 2017
CDIAC	October 30 (annually)	Bonded CFDs for bonds sold after January 1, 1993
AB 1483	Ongoing	CFDs for Services or Facilities that are required as a condition of development
Disclosure Reports	Varies according to the requirements of the Continuing Disclosure Agreement (annually)	Bonded CFDs



FINAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Versatility
- ▶ Flexibility in Financing
- ▶ Increased Pace of Development
- Community and Homebuyer Appeal
- ▶ Administration and Reporting
- ▶ "Mello-Roos": Negative Connotation with Higher Taxes
- ▶ Penalties if Property Owners Fail to Pay Special Taxes



RESDURCES

- ► CDIAC Debt Issuance Data https://www.treasurer.ca.gov/cdiac/debt.asp
- CSMFO Webinars & Resources https://www.csmfo.org/training/webinars/
- ► GFOA Debt Management https://www.gfoa.org/best-practices/debt-best-practices
- ► MSRB Education Center https://www.msrb.org/EdCenter
- ► MSRB EMMA Electronic Municipal Market Access https://emma.msrb.org/Home





"If you put your mind to it, you can accomplish anything."

- Marty McFly